

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the present application:

1. (currently amended) A method comprising:

using an intermediary node on a network to forward messages on behalf of a plurality of other nodes on the network; and

determining, in the intermediary node, ~~when that a~~ first message received by the intermediary node from a downstream node and destined for ~~one of the other nodes~~ an upstream node should not be forwarded, based on ~~detected~~ congestion detected on the network;

using a flow control algorithm in the intermediary node to compute a back-off time period, wherein the back-off time period is a minimum amount of time for the downstream node to wait before resending the message destined for the upstream node; and

sending a back-off message including the back-off time period from the intermediary node to the downstream node in response to the first message and said determining that the first message should not be forwarded.

2. (canceled)

3. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 1, further comprising using the intermediary node to detect the congestion on the network.

4. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 3, wherein using the intermediary node to detect the congestion on the network comprises detecting congestion on the network based on a back-off message received by the intermediary node from ~~an~~the upstream node on the network.
5. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 4, wherein the back-off message received by the intermediary node specifies one or more back-off criteria.
6. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 5, wherein the back-off criteria comprise metadata indicating applicability of the back-off message received by the intermediary node.
7. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 3, wherein using the intermediary node to detect the congestion on the network comprises detecting congestion on the network based on a failure by ~~an~~the upstream node on the network to respond to a request forwarded by the intermediary node.
8. (canceled)
9. (canceled)
10. (canceled)
11. (canceled)

12. (canceled)

13. (original) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said determining comprises using a back-off strategy to determine when a request received by the intermediary node should not be forwarded, and wherein the method further comprises adapting the back-off strategy dynamically based on operation of the network.

14. (currently amended) A method of operating an intermediary network node, the method comprising:

using the intermediary network node to proxy requests and responses to requests between a plurality of clients and a plurality of servers, wherein at least one of the clients is a mobile client operating on a wireless network and at least one of the servers operates on a landline network, the intermediary network node coupled between the wireless network and the landline network;

using the intermediary network node to convert ~~messages~~ requests between a wireless protocol used by the wireless network and a second protocol used by the landline network;

using the intermediary network node to detect network congestion on at least the landline network; and

determining, in the intermediary network node, ~~when that~~ a first request received by the intermediary network node from one of the clients destined for one of the servers should not be forwarded by the intermediary network node, based on network congestion detected by the intermediary network node;

using a flow control algorithm in the intermediary node to compute a back-off time period, wherein the back-off time period is a minimum amount of time for one of the clients to wait before resending the request destined for one of the servers; and
sending a back-off message including the back-off time period from the intermediary node to a client in the plurality of clients in response to the first request and
said determining that the first request should not be forwarded.

15. (original) A method as recited in claim 14, wherein the landline network is the Internet.

16. (canceled)

17. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 14, wherein said using the intermediary network node to detect the congestion on the network comprises receiving a back-off message from an upstream node on the network.

18. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 14, wherein said using the intermediary network node to detect the congestion on the network comprises detecting a failure by one of the servers to respond to a request forwarded by the intermediary network node.

19. (canceled)

20. (canceled)

21. (canceled)

22. (canceled)

23. (original) A method as recited in claim 14, wherein said determining comprises using a back-off strategy to determine when a request received by the intermediary network node should not be forwarded, and wherein the method further comprises adapting the back-off strategy dynamically based on operation of the network.

24. (currently amended) A processing system for use as an intermediary node on a network, the processing system comprising:

means for forwarding messages on behalf of a plurality of other nodes on the network;

means for receiving from a downstream node on the network a first message destined for an upstream node on the network;

means for detecting congestion on the network; and

means for determining ~~when a~~ that the first message received by the intermediary node and destined for one of the other nodes should not be forwarded, based on congestion on the network detected by the intermediary node.

means for using a flow control algorithm in the intermediary node to compute a back-off time period, wherein the back-off time period is a minimum amount of time for the downstream node to wait before resending the message destined for the upstream node; and

means for sending a back-off message including the back-off time period from the intermediary node to the downstream node in response to the first message and said determining that the first message should not be forwarded.

25. (currently amended) A machine-readable program storage medium storing computer program code, the code for execution in an intermediary node on a network to cause the intermediary node to perform a process comprising:

communicating messages between a plurality of clients on the network and a plurality of servers on the network;

receiving from a client on the network a request destined for a server on the network;

detecting congestion on the network, and

determining ~~when a~~ that the request received by the intermediary node from a client on the network destined for a server on the network should not be forwarded by the intermediary node, based on congestion of the network;

using a flow control algorithm in the intermediary node to compute a back-off time period, wherein the back-off time period is a minimum amount of time the client to wait before resending the request destined for the server; and

sending a back-off message including the back-off time period from the intermediary node to the client in response to the request and said determining that the request should not be forwarded.

26. (currently amended) A processing system for use as an intermediary node on a network, the processing system comprising:

a processor;

a data communication device coupled to the processor to communicate data between the processing system and a plurality of other nodes on the network; and

a storage facility coupled to the processor and storing instructions, for execution by the processor, which configure the processing system to execute a process to proxy requests and responses on behalf of the plurality of other nodes on the network, the process including:

forwarding requests from a plurality of clients on the network to a plurality of servers on the network;

forwarding responses received from the servers to the clients;

using the intermediary node to detect congestion on the network; and

determining, in the intermediary node, when a request received by the intermediary node from a client on the network destined for a server on the network should not be forwarded by the intermediary node, based on congestion of the network detected by the intermediary node;

using a flow control algorithm in the intermediary node to compute a back-off time period, wherein the back-off time period is a minimum amount of time for the client to wait before resending the request destined for the server; and

sending a back-off message including the back-off time period from the intermediary node to the client in response to the request and said determining that the request should not be forwarded.

27. (new) A processing system as recited in claim 26, wherein the process further comprises using the intermediary node to detect the congestion on the network.

28. (new) A processing system as recited in claim 27, wherein using the intermediary node to detect the congestion on the network comprises detecting congestion on the network based on a back-off message received by the intermediary node from the upstream node on the network.

29. (new) A processing system as recited in claim 28, wherein the back-off message received by the intermediary node specifies one or more back-off criteria.

30. (new) A processing system as recited in claim 29, wherein the back-off criteria comprise metadata indicating applicability of the back-off message received by the intermediary node.

31. (new) A processing system as recited in claim 27, wherein using the intermediary node to detect the congestion on the network comprises detecting congestion on the network based on a failure by the upstream node on the network to respond to a request forwarded by the intermediary node.